Public Policy (PPOL)

Courses

**PPOL 1910 Hard Choices in Public Policy (4 Credits)**
This course provides an opportunity to develop comprehensive knowledge of America's most intriguing public policy dilemmas. Policy issues to be discussed include intergenerational equity, competitiveness, the budget and trade deficits, crime, AIDS, education, health care, the environment, entitlements, immigration, race and affirmative action, public involvement, and social welfare. This course counts toward the Scientific Inquiry: Society and Culture requirement.

**PPOL 2000 Analysis and Action in American Public Policy (4 Credits)**
This course is designed as a rigorous, analytical introduction for public policy majors to the ways in which American public policy is actually made and includes discussion of (1) Congress; (2) the President; (3) the Supreme Court; and (4) Regulatory agencies. The course is problem-centered and core policy dilemmas are discussed from both cost-benefit and decision-making perspectives. Key topics include the following interrelated issues: (a) fiscal policy and the federal budget; (b) entitlement reform; (c) health care; (d) national security; (e) the financial crisis and economic growth; (f) education; (g) criminal justice; and (h) environmental policy.

**PPOL 2610 The City and Public Policy (4 Credits)**
In the 1970s and 1980s, America's greatest cities had become virtually ungovernable. Crime was rampant in New York, Washington, Los Angeles, Philadelphia and many other formerly great urban centers. Economic decline was manifest in shrinking populations and the flight to the suburbs. But in the early 1990s, the governing paradigm changed. Led by Mayor Rudolph Giuliani in New York, traditional ideas of governance, law enforcement, the use of public space, and economic development were reasserted. This course focuses on the determination of public space and public behavior; (3) the shift in urban life from production to creativity; (4) understanding the unique advantages of the urban environment.

**PPOL 2701 Topics in Public Policy (4 Credits)**
Various topics in public policy are covered. Topics change each term as deemed appropriate with local, regional, and federal policy issues and regulation changes. Prerequisite: PPOL 2000.

**PPOL 2710 Demography of Public Policy (4 Credits)**
Demography is destiny.® The consequences for American public policy are profound. America is aging, but becoming more diverse. A society in the midst of dynamic change is a society full of possibilities, but vulnerable to conflict. Values become indeterminate, with traditional communities vying for legitimacy with emergent cultures. Social movements, often populist in nature, challenge the established political order. This course focuses on the delineation of effective public policies to deal with demographic challenges, including (1) immigration policy; (2) the process of assimilation; (3) education; (4) geographic realignment; (5) competitive advantage of the United States relative to the European Union, Russia, and China. This course counts toward the Scientific Inquiry: Society and Culture requirement.

**PPOL 2802 Supreme Court & Public Policy (4 Credits)**
Students examine the policy-making role of the Supreme Court in such areas as civil rights, economic policy, freedom of expression, and criminal justice, while studying the overall power of the Court to determine social policy.

**PPOL 2804 Federal Budgetary Policy (4 Credits)**
Students gain knowledge of the basics of government fiscal planning through a simulation of the federal budget process.

**PPOL 3000 Medical Policy & the American Health Care System (4 Credits)**
This course is designed to create understanding of the medical, legal, ethical and public policy issues at each stage of the life cycle. The costs of health care delivery systems are outstripping our ability to pay, yet the demand for new medical technologies continues unabated. Questions must be answered about these costs and demands. In many ways, the health care delivery system presents some of our most vexing public policy dilemmas.

**PPOL 3110 Economics for Public Policy I: Aggregates and Production (4 Credits)**
The tools and techniques of economics are essential for policy analysis. This course provides an intensive and comprehensive introduction to the field of economic analysis, with a specific emphasis on the applicability of economics to public policy and problem solving within the field of policy analysis. Topics include supply and demand; gross domestic product; business cycles; classical and neo-classical economic theory; Keynesianism and Keynesian equilibrium; the "Chicago School"; fiscal policy; inflation; stimulation of aggregate demand; employment and unemployment equilibrium; creation of money; the Federal Reserve system; national debt; the financial sector; public and private debt. Prerequisite: sophomore standing. Recommended Prerequisite: PPOL 2000.

**PPOL 3115 Economics for Public Policy II: Choices and Competition (4 Credits)**
This course is the sequel to PPOL 3115. Core topics include consumer choice; choices in the public and private sector; the role of private self-interest; the role of governmental self-interest ("public choice"); utility maximization; price elasticity of demand; short and long-run costs; competition; monopoly; efficiency; oligopoly; antitrust policy; positive and negative externalities, such as taxes and regulations; effects of governmental uncertainty; market distortions; trade policy; profitability; productivity; the economics of health care and environmental regulation; leading and lagging indications of economic activity; creation of economic policy; "theory" vs. "applied" considerations. Prerequisites: PPOL 3115 and sophomore standing. Recommended Prerequisite: PPOL 2000.
PPOL 3118 Public Policy-Money & Finance (4 Credits)
This course is about money—the fuel that powers American society. Students will develop a sophisticated understanding of the American financial system, while coming to terms with the relationship between money, markets, and government. Students will learn key concepts in public finance, along with the operation of financial instruments like stocks, bonds, commodities and derivatives. Students who take this course will understand monetary and fiscal policy, taxation, exchange rates, and the vital role of credit.

PPOL 3125 Power and Policy (4 Credits)
This course focuses on the historical development of American 20th-century policy trends and will emphasize (1) the creation of the regulatory state, beginning in the late 1890s and accelerating through the Progressive Era; (2) the Great Depression, the New Deal, and the rise of entitlement culture; (3) World War II, the rise of the military-industrial state and the suburbanization of the 1950s; (4) the Civil Rights Revolution, the New Frontier and Great Society of Kennedy and Johnson—together with the value changes of the 1960s; (5) the Regan Era and the conservative challenge to big government; and (6) the policy dichotomies and uncertainties.

PPOL 3230 Analytical & Critical Skills (4 Credits)
Students gain the tools necessary to analyze competing points of view using empirical techniques and statistical inference. Students also learn the history and development of the scientific method; how to distinguish between speculation, theory, fact, and opinion; how to identify the validity of data; how to identify the intentional obfuscation of issues; and how to evaluate one’s own prejudices and vulnerability to argument.

PPOL 3250 Evidence & Logic in Public Policy (4 Credits)
This course provides a focus for public policy majors on actual decision-making process within the executive and legislative branches of the federal government. Consideration is given to (1) the role of evidence, empirical analysis, and logic; (2) the role of politics; (3) the role of party affiliation and ideology in the decision-making process; (4) the role of key actors and agencies and the distribution of responsibility; (5) the role of outside experts, such as think tanks and journalists; and (6) the influence of lobbyists and other “rent seekers.” Students consider such critical examples of decision-making as the Cuban Missile Crisis; the Gulf of Tonkin Resolution; the decision to invade Afghanistan and Iraq; congressional decisions relating to “health care reform” in 2009 and 2010; and the executive branch decisions involving the financial crisis of 2008, including the emergency implementation of the Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP). Students write a detailed policy memorandum to a member of the executive branch or to a congressional leader, containing a situational analysis and action recommendation pertinent to a significant “real time” policy controversy.

PPOL 3280 The Presidency: Primaries (4 Credits)
The 2008 Presidential campaign is the first “open” presidential race in 56 years and features the first woman, African American, Hispanic, and Mormon contenders for the Presidency. This course will follow this historic race through the primaries, caucuses and conventions process and explore how the foundation of the races’ public policy is set. Students will go inside the critical earlier primaries and caucuses and learn how Presidential candidates create public policy ideas, convey those ideas to distinct electorates and use those ideas to distinguish themselves from other candidates. The class will study how presumptive nominees prepare for the general election, the party conventions and how they “re-tool” their policy ideas for presentation to the national electorate.

PPOL 3281 The Presidency: General Election (4 Credits)
The 2008 Presidential campaign is the first “open” Presidential race in 56 years and features the first woman, African American, Hispanic, and Mormon contenders for the Presidency. This class will follow in real time the fall campaign of the Presidential race. Students will build on the primary and caucus class and review the general election as it unfolds during the fall. Students will see the impact and influence of public policy on the fall campaign and how it shapes the Presidential race.

PPOL 3282 The Presidency: Policy Making (4 Credits)
The 2008 Presidential campaign is the first “open” presidential race in 56 years and features the first woman, African American, Hispanic, and Mormon contenders for the Presidency. Students discover and analyze how U.S. Presidents create, convey, and implement their public policy ideas and agendas. This discovery and analysis will be done by following, in a close, in-depth and investigative fashion, the first 60 days of the next President and the public policy decisions, strategies, and actions taken by the President and his/her administration.

PPOL 3450 Political Internship (1-10 Credits)
PPOL 3460 Legislative Internship (1-10 Credits)
PPOL 3470 Congressional Internship (1-10 Credits)
PPOL 3701 Topics in Public Policy (4 Credits)
PPOL 3706 Faith and Public Policy (4 Credits)
The influence of faith and religion has been a constant companion in the creation of American public policy. The persuasion has ebbed and flowed, but it has always played a steady and influential role. “Faith and Public Policy” will review the role faith has played and is playing in American public policy. Whether it’s the powerful Religious Right, the role of the African American church in public policy or the emerging Religious Left, the arena is always evolving. Students will leave the course with a clearer understanding of the role faith plays and has played in policy, the impact of faith in creating current policy and the role faith will play in future elections.
PPOL 3880 Private Sector Internship (1-10 Credits)
PPOL 3890 Honors Research Project (1-10 Credits)
PPOL 3991 Independent Study (1-10 Credits)
PPOL 3992 Directed Study (1-10 Credits)
PPOL 3995 Independent Research (1-5 Credits)